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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/519,926	12/30/2004	Jean-Luc Carrez	MART0850US	3170
24235 LEVINE & MA	7590 05/13/200 ANDELBAUM	EXAMINER		
222 Bloomingdale Road Suite 203 WHITE PLAINS, NY 10605			BOUCHELLE, LAURA A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3763	
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			05/13/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/519,926	CARREZ ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	LAURA A. BOUCHELLE	3763	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 F</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under the practice.	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 3-10 is/are pending in the apple 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1, 3-10 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or are subject.	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct to by the E	cepted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ction is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicationity documents have been receive nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 2/26/09 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-6, 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Honebrink et al (US 6589262) in view of Falvai et al (US 5782807) in view of Mottola et al (US 5533986). Honebrink discloses a catheter introducing device comprising a needle 120 having a fixed hub 126, a cannula 140 having a longitudinal slit 222 for slidably receiving a catheter. The hub of the cannula has side teeth162 that cooperate with retaining tabs 134 on the front of the hub of the needle. The cooperating locks are releasable by relative rotation of the two hubs.
- 3. Claim 1 differs from Honebrink in calling for the hub and the shaft to be made of different synthetic resins. Honebrink is silent as to the materials used to form the device. Falvai teaches an insertion device formed of a synthetic resin. The shaft and the hub may be formed of different materials having different flexibilities (Col. 7, lines 22-26, 34-37). It is well known in

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the art to use synthetic resins to form medical devices because of the biocompatibility, durability, low cost and ease of manufacture. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the device of Honebrink to be formed of a synthetic resin as taught by Falvai.

- 4. Claim 1 differs from Honebrink in calling for a longitudinal opening. Claim 6 calls for the opening to be normally narrower than the catheter, but expandable to enable the catheter to be passed through. Mottola teaches a catheter apparatus for delivering anesthetic agents having a cannula 56 that has an opening 68 that allows the cannula to be removed and reattached to the catheter 14 without disturbing the catheter so that the physician may perform various procedures on the patient painlessly (col. 11, lines 35-52). Mottola further teaches that the portion of the longitudinal opening in the hub of the cannula is wider than a portion of the longitudinal opening in the shaft of the cannula and the openings are aligned. See Fig. 6. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the device of Honebrink to include an opening instead of a splittable score line as taught by Mottola to allow the physician to remove and reattach the cannula over the catheter.
- 5. Claim 3 differs from Honebrink in calling for the shaft to be glued into the slit in the hub. This limitation is considered to be product by process claims. These claims are not limited to the manipulations of the recited steps, only the structure implied but the steps. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. See MPEP 2113.

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6. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Honebrink in view

of Falvai in view of Mottola in further view of Thompson et al (US 3827434).

7. Honebrink does not explicitly disclose the structure of the catheter. Thompson teaches a

catheter insertion device comprising a catheter having a fixed hub 36 that allows the device to be

releasably locked to the insertion member. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of

ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the device of Honebrink to include a

catheter with a hub as taught by Thompson so that the catheter can be releasably locked to the

insertion member.

8. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Honebrink in view

of Falvai in view of Mottola in further view of Center (US 3682173).

9. Claim 8 differs from Honebrink in calling for a pack containing the catheter, needle, and

cannula. Center teaches a catheter insertion device contained in a package so that the entire

device can be sterilized and remains sterile until it is ready to be used. Therefore, it would have

been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify the invention of

Honebrink so that the device is contained in a package as taught by Center so that the device

remains sterile before use.

10. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Honebrink in

view of Falvai in view of Mottola in further view of Melsky (US 4973319).

11. Honebrink is silent as to the method of manufacturing the device as described in claim 9.

Melsky teaches a method of manufacturing a slit valve catheter wherein one member is glued

into another member and then the first member is slit by any appropriate means (Col.3, lines 49-50). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to glue the cannula of Honebrink into the slit hub and then slit the cannula as taught by Melsky.

Response to Arguments

- 2. Applicant's arguments filed 2/6/09 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 3. In response to applicant's argument that the different synthetic resins for the cannula permit the shaft to be more flexible than the hub, the fact that applicant has recognized another advantage which would flow naturally from following the suggestion of the prior art cannot be the basis for patentability when the differences would otherwise be obvious. See *Ex parte Obiaya*, 227 USPQ 58, 60 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1985).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LAURA A. BOUCHELLE whose telephone number is (571)272-2125. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nicholas Lucchesi can be reached on 517-272-4977. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Nicholas D Lucchesi/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3763 Laura A Bouchelle Examiner Art Unit 3763

/Laura A Bouchelle/ Examiner, Art Unit 3763